

**CMPSCI 119**  
**LAB #7 – Scroller**  
**Professor William T. Verts**

The goal of this Python programming assignment is to explore the graphical use of text, and to create a movie from that code. Lab #8 will depend on the correct implementation of this assignment. In the JES environment, type in the program code from the last page of this document exactly as listed (or download a copy from the class site).

Wherever you see my name underlined in the comment code, replace it with *your own name* (two places). As always, be very careful about indentation and capitalization. Where you see the | symbols open up several blank lines; this is where you will be writing your own code at a later time.

In JES click the Load Program button. At the >>> prompt, type `Run()` with the parentheses and press `Enter`. The program should run, but should not do anything visible at this time. Fix any syntax errors or other mistakes. We will not change `Run` while developing the program, but we will fill in code for the `Scroller` function. (The `Sunrise` function will be filled in next time, and `SaveFile` is the same as in the previous assignment.)

### **The First Goal**

The first goal is to create a scrolling line of “movie credits” that go from off the bottom of the screen to off the top. We must use two new JES functions: `addTextWithStyle` and `makeStyle`. The `addTextWithStyle` function uses a bunch of parameters, and is laid out as follows:

```
addTextWithStyle(Canvas, X, Y, Text, Style, Color)
```

The `X` and `Y` values represent the lower-left corner of where the string `Text` will be plotted on the `Canvas` using the value defined here as `Color`. Text will be plotted just above and to the right of coordinates `<X,Y>`. The `Style` parameter controls how the text should look on screen, and can be defined by the `makeStyle` function as follows:

```
Style = makeStyle(Typeface, Emphasis, Size)
```

The `Typeface` parameter is a string that can be values such as `"serif"` or `"sansSerif"`. `Emphasis` can be `plain`, `bold`, `italic`, or the sum `bold+italic`. `Size` is measured in points ( $\frac{1}{72}$  of an inch), so size 24 represents characters that are  $\frac{1}{3}$  of an inch tall. You may use any reasonable settings you like for `Typeface` and `Emphasis`, but please restrict `Size` to 24.

Your `Scroller` function has the following arguments:

```
def Scroller (Canvas, Frames, NewText, BackgroundColor, TextColor) :
```

`Canvas` is the image to draw on, as usual. `Frames` is an integer that tells `Scroller` how many independent frames to generate, each with the text in a slightly different position. `NewText` is a string that contains the text to plot on screen. `BackgroundColor` is the base color of the canvas. `TextColor` is the color of the text.

Therefore, if we call `Scroller` from within `Run` as follows:

```
Scroller (Canvas, 100, Message, blue, yellow)
```

then `Frames` will be 100, `NewText` will contain the string value passed in through `Message`, `BackgroundColor` will be blue, and `TextColor` will be yellow. You are **not** to use constants (such as 100, "quoted strings", blue, or yellow, for example) inside `Scroller`!

`Scroller` must loop for exactly `Frames` times (the value passed in through the parameter list), plotting the text on the canvas from well off the bottom to just off the top, pausing 0.02 seconds per frame. The text must be invisible at the start (completely below the bottom of the screen) and must be invisible at the end (completely above the top of the screen).

Start the Y coordinate of the text at the height of the canvas plus 20 pixels to give enough padding for the text to be completely invisible at the start, and continue until Y is -20. Start X at 10. For each frame you must clear the canvas to the background color, compute where to plot the text, plot it, repaint the canvas, and then pause for 0.02 seconds.

You will need to compute the change in the Y coordinate per frame based on the height of the canvas plus padding above and below the canvas, and the number of frames passed in through the `Frames` parameter.

NOTE: Keep both Y and the change in Y as **floats** (not integers) in order to update the position correctly, and convert the value of Y to an integer only in the call to `addTextWithStyle`.

In `Run()`, you are allowed to change the values that will be passed in to `BackgroundColor` and `TextColor`, shown in the call to `Scroller` as blue for the background and yellow for the text, but you may **not** use explicit color constants for these values within `Scroller` itself. Note that the `chr(169)` function call in the text string assigned to `Message` will generate a copyright © symbol.

## **The Second Goal**

The function `MakeMovie` uses JES functions to stitch the individual frame files together into a single `.mov` (Apple QuickTime) movie. After the `Run` function has been used to call `Scroller` to generate movie frames, run the `MakeMovie` function. Once the `.mov` file has been created (it will be quite large), it may be played in any QuickTime player, independent of JES. Test this and make certain that you can successfully create a 100-frame QuickTime movie.

## **Finishing Up**

That is enough information for you to figure out how to fill out the `Scroller` function and run the program. Try changing the size of the screen and the number of frames passed to `Scroller`.

When you are finished and everything runs correctly, submit the assignment through the on-line form as Lab #7.

```

# William T. Verts - Lab #7 - Scroller

SequenceNumber = 0
BaseFolder = ""

def SaveFile (Canvas):
    global SequenceNumber,BaseFolder
    if (BaseFolder == ""): BaseFolder = pickAFolder()
    S = str(SequenceNumber)
    while (len(S) < 5): S = "0" + S
    Filename = BaseFolder + "SAVE" + S + ".jpg"
    writePictureTo(Canvas,Filename)
    SequenceNumber = SequenceNumber + 1
    return

def Scroller (Canvas,Frames,NewText,BackgroundColor,TextColor):
    |
    |           # Stub to be filled in in this assignment
    |
    return

def Sunrise (Canvas,Frames):
    |
    |           # Stub to be completed in the next assignment
    |
    return

def Run():
    global SequenceNumber, BaseFolder
    SequenceNumber = 0
    BaseFolder = ""
    Message = "Copyright "+chr(169)+"2016 Dr. William T. Verts"
    Canvas = makeEmptyPicture(640,480)
    Sunrise (Canvas, 100)
    Scroller (Canvas, 100, Message, blue, yellow)
    return

def MakeMovie():
    global BaseFolder
    if (BaseFolder == ""): BaseFolder = pickAFolder()
    MyMovie = makeMovieFromInitialFile(BaseFolder + "SAVE00000.jpg")
    writeQuicktime(MyMovie, BaseFolder + "Scroller.mov", 16)
    return

```