

# **Design by Introspection**

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# What's the Deal??

# Initial Motivation

- Systems-level programming a necessity
- Faster is better—no “good enough” limit
- Ever-growing modeling needs
- No room below, no escape: all in same language
  - Runtime support
  - Machine, device interface
  - Base library

# D Design Principles

- Multi-paradigm; balanced
- Practical
- Principled
- Avoid arcana; turtles all the way down

# Hello, World!

```
#!/usr/bin/rdmd
import std.stdio;
void main() {
    writeln("Hello, world!");
}
```

- “Meh”worthy
- However:
  - Simple
  - Correct
  - Scriptable
  - Features turtles

# Them turtles

```
#!/usr/bin/rdmd
void main() {
    import std.stdio;
    writeln("Hello, world!");
}
```

- Most everything can be scoped everywhere
- Better scoping, reasoning
- Functions
- Types (Voldemort types)
- Even generics

# Segue into generics

```
void log(T)(T stuff) {  
    import std.datetime, std.stdio;  
    writeln(Clock.currTime(), ' ', stuff);  
}  
void main() {  
    log("hello");  
}
```

- If not instantiated, no `import`
- `imports` cached once realized
- Generics faster to build, `import`
- Less pressure on linker

# Principle

Make Language  
Features Simple &  
Combinable

# Example: static if statement

- Started as “`#if` done right”
- Allowed new interesting things
- Put pressure on combinability
  - What expressions can I evaluate statically?
  - What program elements can I examine?

# Example: Hash table layout

```
struct RobinHashTable(K, V, size_t maxLength) {
    static if (maxLength < ushort.max-1) {
        alias CellIdx = ushort;
    } else {
        alias CellIdx = uint;
    }
    static if (K.sizeof % 8 < 7) {
        align(8) struct KV {
            align(1):
                K k;
                ubyte cellData;
            align(8):
                V v;
        }
    }
}
```

# Example: Hash table layout

```
...
else {
    align(8) struct KV {
        K k;
    align(8):
        V v;
    align(1):
        ubyte cellData;
    }
}
}
```

# **Design Patterns and Friends**

# Policy-Based Design

- Semi-Automatic use of Design Patterns
- Coined by “Modern C++ Design” in 2001
- Enjoys use in C++, D
- Inducted in Wikipedia’s “hall of fame” at [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Programming\\_paradigm](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Programming_paradigm) (along with 75 others)

## To Wit

“[...] the Design Patterns solution is to turn the programmer into a fancy macro processor.”

– Mark Dominus

# Plenty of Room at the Bottom

“What would happen if we could arrange the atoms one by one the way we want them?”

– Richard P. Feynman

# Core Idea

- Patterns: programmer “expands” mental macros
  - Total plasticity, no code reuse
- PBD: programmer assembles rigid macros
  - No plasticity, good code reuse
- DbI: programmer *molds* macros that communicate with, and adapt to, one another
  - Good plasticity, good code reuse

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- DbI Input
  - Introspect types: “What are your methods?”
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- DbI Processing
  - Arbitrary compile-time evaluation
- DbI Output
  - Generate arbitrary code

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- DbI Processing
  - CTFE, `static if`, ...
- DbI Output
  - template expansion, `mixin`, ...

# Optional Interfaces

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- A DbI component typically prescribes:
  - $n_r$  *required* primitives (may be 0)
  - $n_o$  *optional* primitives
- Introspection queries for optionals
- What's missing as important as what's present
  
- Up to  $2^{n_o}$  possible interfaces, in compact form!

# Optional Interfaces: Aftermath

- Linear code for exponential behaviors
  - Includes state variations, too
  - **static if** the “magic design fork”
- No penalty for fat interfaces
- Graceful degradation
  - Old: Less capable components  $\Rightarrow$  errors
  - New: Less capable components  $\Rightarrow$  reduced features

Each use of `static if`  
doubles the design  
space covered

# Realized Designs

- `std.experimental allocator`: unbounded allocator designs in 12 KLOC
  - `jemalloc`: 1 allocator in 45 KLOC
- Collections: see talk by Eduard Stăniloiu
- `std.experimental.checkedint`: now

# Checked Integrals

- `+`, `+=`, `-`, `-=`, `++`, `--`, `*`, `*=` may lose information
  - Division by zero in `/`, `/=`
  - `-x.min` negative for all signed types
  - `-1 == uint.max`, `-1 > 2u`
- 
- That's pretty much it!

# Possible Designs (1/2)

- Options that come at a runtime cost
  - Integrate in the programming language
  - Do away with fixed-size arithmetic altogether
- Have the programmer insert tests appropriately
  - For an appropriate definition of “appropriately”
  - Bulky, difficult to follow, fragile

## Possible Designs (2/2)

- Designate “checked integral” types
- Hook all operations and insert checks
- User replaces primitive types with these
  - Selectively depending on safety/speed tradeoff
- Requires user-defined operator overloading

# Design Challenges

- What gets checked: overflows? div0? negation? mixed-sign comparisons? conversions? some of the above—which?
- On violation: warn? abort? throw? log? fix/approximate?
- Type system integration: statically disallow some operators/conversions?
- Make it efficient (not easy!)
- Make it small
  - Proportional response
  - Not rocket surgery after all

# Meta Design Challenges

- No trouble to implement *any given behavior*
- Much more difficult to allow behaviors that are *as of yet unspecified*
- Scaffolding scales poorly with behaviors
- “Sticker shock” of generic libraries
  - “You mean I need to use this 5 KLOC library coming with 20 pages of documentation to check a few overflows?”

# Baselines

- Mozilla's CheckedInt for C++
- Microsoft's SafeInt for C++
- `safe_numerics` for C++ by Robert Ramey
- `checkedint` for D by T. S. Bockman

# std.experimental.checkedint size

- 3 KLOC (code + unittests + documentation)
  - Code: 1200 LOC
  - Tests: 900 LOC
  - Documentation: 900 LOC
- 
- Speed: comparable to hand-inserted checks
  - Flexibility: unbounded

# Overall Design

- “Shell with hooks” approach
- Shell: high-level language integration
- Hook: optional intercepts of ops/events
- Default hook: just abort on anything fishy

```
struct Checked(T, Hook = Abort) if (isIntegral!T) {  
    private T payload;  
    Hook hook;  
    ...  
}
```

# Stateless hook? No problem!

```
struct Checked(T, Hook = Abort) if (isIntegral!T) {  
    private T payload;  
    static if (stateSize!Hook > 0) Hook hook;  
    else alias hook = Hook;  
    ...  
}
```

# The Shell

- Factors all commonalities
  - Handles qualifiers
  - Drives hooks
  - Type system integration (`bool`, `float` etc)
  - Composition mediation
- 
- Uses introspection to “look” at hooks
    - What can you do?
    - What operation(s) are you interested in?

# Defined Hook Primitives

- Statics: `defaultValue`, `min`, `max`
- Intercept/override: `hookOpCast`,  
`hookOpEquals`, `hookOpCmp`, `hookOpUnary`,  
`hookOpBinary`, `hookOpBinaryRight`,  
`hookOpOpAssign`
- Event handling: `onBadCast`, `onOverflow`,  
`onLowerBound`, `onUpperBound`

# Shell Operation Example

```
void opUnary(string op)()
if (op == "++" || op == "--") {
    static if (hasMember!(Hook, "hookOpUnary")) {
        hook.hookOpUnary!op(payload);
    } else static if (hasMember!(Hook, "onOverflow")) {
        ...
    } else {
        mixin(op ~ "payload;");
    }
}
```

# Defined Hooks

- Abort
- Throw
- Warn: output issues to stderr
- ProperCompare: fix comparisons on the fly
- WithNaN: Reserve “not a number” value
- Saturate: sticky saturation instead of overflowing
  
- Your own
  - Average length: 50 lines

# Hook Example

- No Pesky Comparisons

```
struct NoPeskyCmps {
    static int hookOpCmp(Lhs, Rhs)(Lhs lhs, Rhs rhs) {
        const result = (lhs > rhs) - (lhs < rhs);
        if (result > 0 && lhs < 0 && rhs >= 0 ||
            result < 0 && lhs >= 0 && rhs < 0) {
            assert(0, "Mixed-signed comparison failed.");
        }
        return result;
    }
}
alias MyInt = Checked!(int, NoPeskyCmps);
```

# Flexibility

- No Pesky Comparisons—**EVAR!**

```
struct NoPeskyCmpsEver {
    static int hookOpCmp(Lhs, Rhs)(Lhs lhs, Rhs rhs) {
        static if (lhs.min < 0 && rhs.min >= 0 &&
            lhs.max < rhs.max || rhs.min < 0 &&
            lhs.min >= 0 && rhs.max < lhs.max) {
            static assert(0, "Mixed-sign comparison of " ~
                Lhs.stringof ~ " and " ~ Rhs.stringof ~
                " disallowed. Cast one of the operands.");
        }
    }
}
return (lhs > rhs) - (lhs < rhs);
}
alias MyInt = Checked!(int, NoPeskyCmpsEver);
```

# Design by Introspection

- Assembly with plastic, adaptable components
- Combine:
  - `static if`
  - Compile-time introspection
  - Compile-time evaluation
  - Code generation

# Destructionize!