# Homework 1: Introduction to Scala

#### Due: Thursday, Jan 28 2016 1AM

This assignment has several "finger exercises" that introduce you to functional programming in Scala.

#### 1 Setup

Before you start programming, you need to complete a few preliminary steps.

- 1. Download and start the course virtual machine. You will need it for all the assignments in this class.
- 2. Using the command-line, create a directory for your assignment (e.g., the hw1 directory). Within this directory, create the directories src/main/scala and src/test/scala. For example, you could use the following commands:

```
mkdir hw1
cd hw1
mkdir src
mkdir src/main
mkdir src/main/scala
mkdir src/test
mkdir src/test/scala
```

3. Using a text editor, create the file src/main/scala/Lecture1.scala with the following contents:

```
object Lecture1 {
  val oddNumbers = 1 :: 3 :: 5 :: Nil
}
```

4. Using a text editor, create the file src/test/scala/TestSuite.scala with the following contents:

```
import Lecture1._
class TestSuite extends org.scalatest.FunSuite {
  test("oddNumbers properly defined") {
    assert(oddNumbers == List(1, 3, 5))
  }
}
```

5. From the command-line, start **sbt** and run the test suite. You should see output that looks like this:

```
[info] Updating {file:/Users/arjun/Teaching/cmpsci220/hw/lists/template/}template...
[info] Resolving jline#jline;2.12.1 ...
[info] Done updating.
[info] Compiling 1 Scala source to /Users/arjun/Teaching/cmpsci220/hw/lists/template/
target/scala-2.11/classes...
[info] Compiling 1 Scala source to /Users/arjun/Teaching/cmpsci220/hw/lists/template/
target/scala-2.11/test-classes...
[info] TestSuite:
[info] TestSuite:
[info] - oddNumbers properly defined
[info] Run completed in 421 milliseconds.
[info] Total number of tests run: 1
[info] Suites: completed 1, aborted 0
[info] Tests: succeeded 1, failed 0, canceled 0, ignored 0, pending 0
[info] All tests passed.
[success] Total time: 7 s, completed Jan 17, 2016 11:52:54 AM
```

There should be no errors or warnings printed.

### 2 Exercises

For this assignment, you'll be writing several list-processing functions. You must place these within the Lecture1 object that you created above. You must write tests cases, within the TestSuite class that you created above.

- 1. Write a function called sumDouble that consumes a List[Int] and produces an Int. The produced value should be double the sum of the list of integers.
- 2. Write a function called removeZeroes that consumes a List[Int] and produces a List[Int]. The produced list should be the same as the input list, but with all zeroes removed. The function must not change the order of elements.
- 3. Write a function called **countEvens** that consumes a **List[Int]** and produces an **Int** that represents that number of even numbers in the input list.
- 4. Write a function called **removeAlternating** that consumes a List[String] and produces a List[String] that has every other element in the input list.

The first element of the input list must be in the output list. For example:

```
assert(removeAlternating(List("A", "B")) == List("A"))
assert(removeAlternating(List("A", "B")) != List("B"))
```

The function must not change the order of elments.

- 5. Write a function called *isAscending* that consumes a *List[Int]* and produces a Boolean that is true if the numbers in the input list are in ascending order. Note that the input may have repeated numbers.
- 6. Write a function called addSub that consumes a List[Int] and produces an Int. The function should add all the elements in even position and subtract all the elements in odd position.

Note that the first element of a list is considered "zeroth" element, thus it is in even position. For example, addSub(List(10, 20, 30, 40)) should be 10 - 20 + 30 - 40. 7. Write a function called alternate that consumes *two* List[Int] arguments and produces a List[Int]. The elements of the resulting list should alternate between the elements of the arguments. You may assume that the two arguments have the same length.

For example:

```
assert(alternate(List(1, 3, 5), List(2, 4, 6)) == List(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6))
```

8. Write a function called fromTo that takes two Ints as arguments and produces a List[Int]. The value of fromTo(x, y) should be the list of consecutive integers that start from and include x, going up to and excluding y. You may assume that x < y.

For example:

assert(fromTo(9, 13) == List(9, 10, 11, 12))

9. Write the following function:

def insertOrdered(n: Int, lst: List[Int]): List[Int]

Assuming that lst is in ascending order, insertOrdered should produce a list that is the same as the input, but with *n* inserted such that the order is preserved. For example, insertOrdered(5, List(1, 3, 7, 9)) should be List(1, 3, 5, 7, 9).

You should assume that lst is in ascending order. Your function may produce any result or even throw an exception if it is not.

10. Write the following function:

def sort(lst: List[Int]): List[Int]

The result should be the sorted input list.

## 3 Hand In

From the sbt console, run the command submit. The command will create a file called submission.tar.gz in your assignment directory. Submit this file using Moodle.

For example, if the command runs successfully, you will see output similar to this:

Created submission.tar.gz. Upload this file to Moodle. [success] Total time: 0 s, completed Jan 17, 2016 12:55:55 PM

**Note:** The command will not allow you to submit code that does not compile. If your code doesn't compile, you will receive no credit for the assignment.