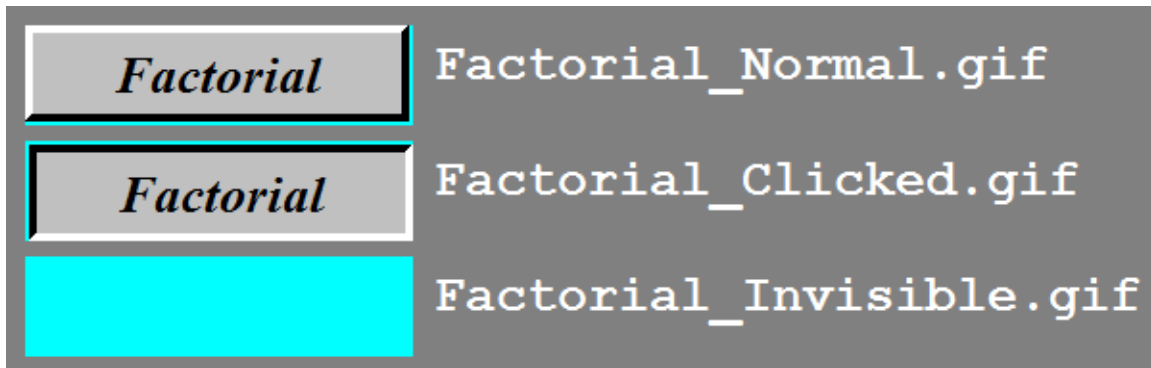


CMPSCI 120 Fall 2017
Lab #2
Professor William T. Verts

Setting Up

Go to the class site and download to a folder on your computer the file called Factorial_Buttons.zip, and then unpack its contents into the same folder. There are three tiny .GIF image files (all three are transparent .GIF images where the cyan color that you see here is invisible):



First Steps – Moving the Buttons

Using WinSCP or Fugu as you did in the previous assignment, copy these three files (in binary mode) into the public_html/cmpsci120 folder of your UNIX account on the elsrv3 server.

Logging in and Renaming Files

Using PuTTY (PC) or ssh from terminal (Mac) as you did in the previous assignments, log in to the UNIX server. Change into the correct directory as follows:

1. `cd public_html` (Change into the Web nest)
2. `cd cmpsci120` (Change into the inner folder)
3. `ls -al` (See what files are there)

You should see index.html and Button_Dr_Bill.png from the previous assignment, and the three new .GIF files. Do not proceed unless you see all these files.

Editing index.html

We are going to make some modifications to `index.html` so that it contains new HTML, new CSS, and new JavaScript. Start up the emacs text editor on the `index.html` file:

emacs index.html

If you see a blank screen, you are in the wrong folder: get out of emacs, change into the correct folder, and try again.

Remove the entire `<STYLE>...</STYLE>` block from `index.html` (we'll do something else shortly)

In the appropriate part of the `<HEAD>` section, type in the following new code exactly as you see here, paying particular attention to indentation, capitalization, and punctuation:

```
<LINK REL="stylesheet"
      TYPE="text/css"
      HREF="https://people.cs.umass.edu/~verts/Default.css">

<SCRIPT TYPE="text/javascript"
        SRC="https://people.cs.umass.edu/~verts/Factorial.js">
</SCRIPT>

<SCRIPT TYPE="text/javascript">
  <!--
    function Show ()
    {
      document.MyForm.MyButton.src = "Factorial_Normal.gif" ;
    }

    function Hide ()
    {
      document.MyForm.MyButton.src = "Factorial_Invisible.gif" ;
    }

    function Click()
    {
      document.MyForm.MyButton.src = "Factorial_Clicked.gif" ;
      var N = parseFloat(document.MyForm.Input1.value) ;
      document.MyForm.Answer.value = String(Factorial(N)) ;
    }

    function Clear()
    {
      document.MyForm.Answer.value = ""
    }
  //-->
</SCRIPT>
```

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In the <BODY> section, **after** your HTML code for the button, enter the following code, again paying close attention to indentation, capitalization, etc.:

```
<FORM NAME="MyForm">

  <BR><BR>

  <INPUT TYPE="text"
        NAME="Input1"
        SIZE="5"
        STYLE="font-size:24pt"
        onKeyPress="Clear ();">

  <SPAN STYLE="font-size:24pt">! =</SPAN>

  <INPUT TYPE="text"
        NAME="Answer"
        SIZE="30"
        STYLE="font-size:24pt">

  <BR><BR>

  <IMG SRC="Factorial_Invisible.gif"
        NAME="MyButton"
        onMouseOver="Show ();"
        onMouseOut="Hide ();"
        onMouseDown="Click ();"
        onMouseUp="Show ();">

</FORM>
```

Save your page and exit emacs with `Ctrl`⌘`Ctrl`c (and answer Y when it asks if you wish to save the changes).

Make Sure Everything is Visible

Set the permissions to `rw-r--r--` on all files in the `public_html/cmpsci120` folder to make them visible on the Web (including those you've already set):

```
chmod 644 *.*
```

List all the files in the current directory:

```
ls -al
```

Do not proceed until all files have `rw-r--r--` permissions.

Testing

Load in and test your `index.html` page. Make sure to hit the refresh button. Here's how the new part of the page should look when you first view it:



A screenshot of a web form with a light blue background. It features two white input boxes. The first box is empty, and the second box is empty. Between the two boxes is a black exclamation mark followed by an equals sign. The entire form is enclosed in a thin black border.

When you click in the first box and type 15, it will appear like this:



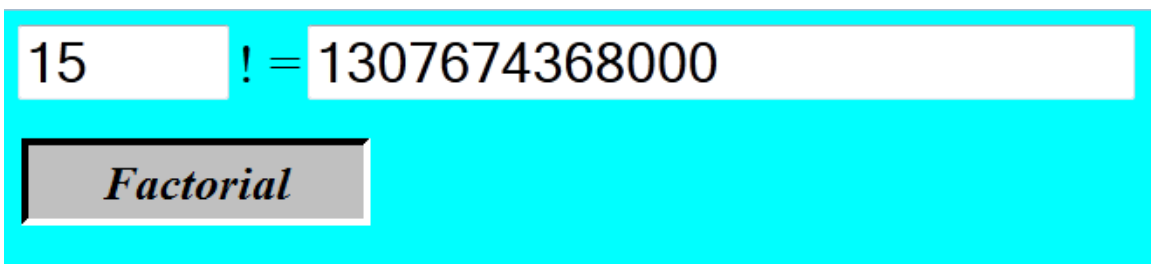
A screenshot of the same web form. The first input box now contains the number '15'. The second input box remains empty. The exclamation mark and equals sign are still between the boxes.

As you roll the mouse over the area below the entry box, the Factorial button should suddenly appear (the mouse will be above the button):



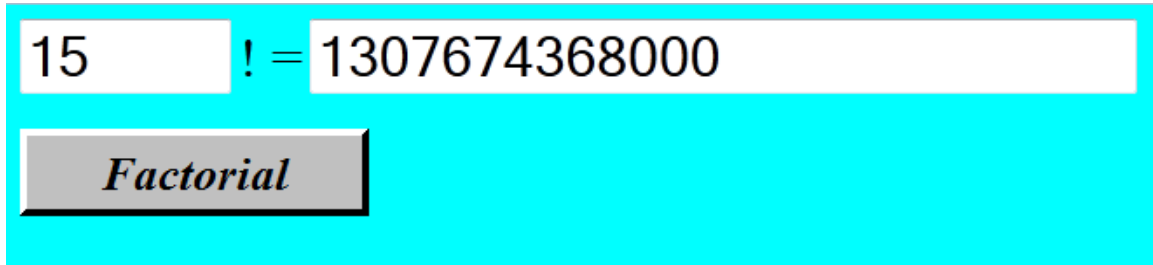
A screenshot of the web form. The first input box contains '15' and the second is empty. Below the first input box, a grey button with a black border and the word 'Factorial' in a black serif font has appeared.

Clicking the button (which will “depress” it inwards) will cause the computed factorial to appear in the answer box:

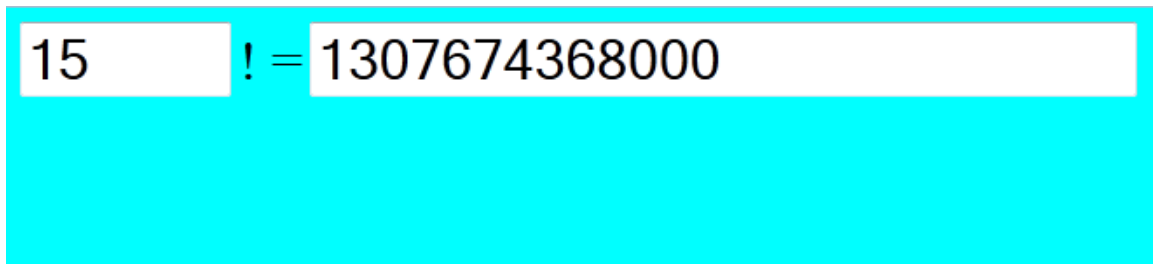


A screenshot of the web form. The first input box contains '15' and the second input box now contains the number '1307674368000'. The 'Factorial' button is still present below the first box.

Releasing the mouse button will cause the Factorial button to “pop out” back to its original view:



Finally, rolling the mouse off of the Factorial button will cause the button to disappear entirely:



Now, any time the mouse rolls over the Factorial button it will appear, only to disappear when the mouse rolls away. As you type new entries in the input box, the value in the answer box will vanish, until the next time the Factorial button is clicked.

If You Get Stuck

If you miss any of the instructions, you may need to go back and fix certain things. Use emacs to correct any mistakes. Possible problems include misspelling the name of the .GIF files in index.html, setting or omitting certain file permissions, or copying files into the wrong place. Please email me or the TA if you need help.

After Lab #1

You may get some notes from the grading of lab #1 about things that you need to clean up in your Web page. Please fix those errors at this time.

Answering Some Final Questions

When your pages work correctly, please type in answers to the following questions into a text editor or word processor:

0. What is your name? (Type your name into the editor document.)
1. Where is the body of the JavaScript `Factorial` function located?
2. Why did the background color of the Web page stay cyan after all the changes?
3. In many of the JavaScript functions there is a statement of the form:

```
document.MyForm.MyButton.src = "xxxxxx"
```

What is the purpose of that statement? What does it do?

4. What is the purpose behind the `...` tag as shown?
5. In `Factorial_Normal.gif` the transparent band of pixels (shown in cyan) is on the bottom and right sides of the button, but in `Factorial_Clicked.gif` they are on the left and top sides. Why? What effect does this cause?

What To Turn In (Two Things)

1. When your pages are correct and visible on the Web, **send an email** message to the **`literacy@cs.umass.edu`** account. The subject line must be set to the exact phrase **CMPSCI 120 ASSIGNMENT #2** and the body of the message must contain your name, your username, and your full Web address.
2. **Print out** the answers to your questions and hand that document into me in class. This will become paper homework #2.