## CS 312: Algorithms Homework 6

Dan Sheldon

March 14, 2013

## Instructions

Complete all problems and submit by Wednesday, March 27. You may work together with other students, but *your written work must be your own*. I highly encourage you to attempt the problems first on your own, especially the simpler ones.

Please make sure to:

- Write your name on your submission
- Write the name of all students with whom you collaborated
- Cite any sources you used other than the textbook or course notes.

## Problems

1. (12 points) Consider an algorithm whose running time T(n) on an input of size n satisfies the following recurrence:

$$T(n) \le aT(n/b) + cn$$

where we assume the recurrence holds when  $n \ge 2$ , and that  $T(2) \le c$ .

- (a) (2 points) How many subproblems are there at level i of the recursion tree?
- (b) (2 points) How big are the subproblems at level i of the recursion tree?
- (c) (2 points) What is the total work done at level i of the recursion tree? (Just as in class, count only the work done outside of the recursive calls.)
- (d) (2 points) How many levels are in the recursion tree?
- (e) (2 points) If a < b, what is the running time of the algorithm? Give your answer in big-O form.
- (f) (2 points) If a = b, what is the running time of the algorithm? Give your answer in big-O form.

**Hint**: remember the following fact that we showed about a geometric sum when 0 < r < 1:

$$\sum_{i=0}^{d} r^{d} = 1 + r + r^{2} \dots + r^{d} = \frac{1 - r^{d+1}}{1 - r} \le \frac{1}{1 - r}$$

2. (8 points) Consider the following recurrence that we saw in our first cut at the closest pair algorithm:

 $T(n) \le 2T(n/2) + cn\log n,$ 

where we again assume the recurrence holds for  $n \ge 2$  and that  $T(2) \le c$ . Prove by induction that  $T(n) \le cn(\log n)^2$ . (Another way to say this is to say that T(n) is  $O(n \log^2 n)$ .) You should assume that the logarithm is base 2, so that  $\log(n/2) = \log n - 1$ .

- 3. (10 points) Chapter 5, Exercise 1
- 4. (Piazza) Chapter 5, Exercise 5