Review

COMPSCI 688: Probabilistic Graphical Models

Lecture 4: Directed Graphical Models: D-Separation, Queries

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Queries

1/24

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D-Separation 0000000

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#### Review

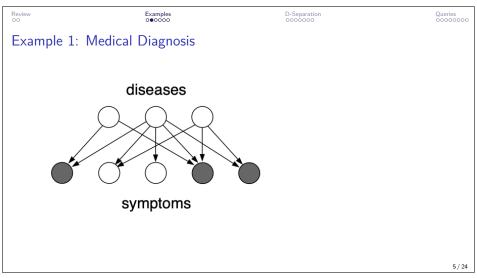
- $\blacktriangleright$  Bayes net:  $p(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_{i=1}^N p(x_i \mid \mathbf{x}_{\mathsf{pa}(i)})$
- ► Factorization ⇔ conditional independence (one statement per node)

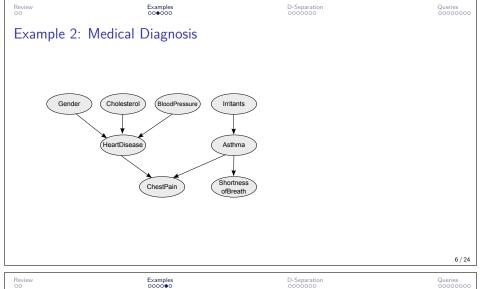
$$p(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_{i=1}^N p(x_i \mid \mathbf{x}_{\mathsf{pa}(i)}) \quad \iff \quad X_i \perp \mathbf{X}_{\mathsf{nd}(i)} \mid \mathbf{X}_{\mathsf{pa}(i)} \text{ for all } i$$

ightharpoonup We would like to chain together conditional independence properties using the graph structure to derive new ones ightharpoonup D-separation

Examples

3 / 24

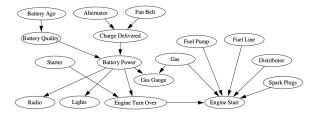




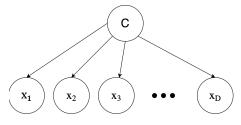
 Review
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 D-Separation 000000
 Queries 0000000

# Example 3: Equipment Diagnostics

Suppose engine does not start but radio plays? What do you believe about gas in tank?



Example 4: Naive Bayes



- ▶ given class variable C (discrete), the observed features  $X_1, X_2, X_3, ... X_D$  are conditionally independent:  $\forall i \neq j, X_i \perp X_j | C$
- ▶ joint distribution is

7 / 24

$$p(c,x) = p(c) \prod_{i=1}^D p(x_i|c).$$

Review

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# Warning: Causality

## Bayes nets are not causal

- ▶ Many of our examples are motivated by a causal model, but Bayes net arrows could just as easily point from "effect" to "cause" (or have no causal semantics at all)
- ▶ Can be given causal semantics (beyond our scope)

D-Separation

10 / 24

view Examples

D-Separation

Queries

11 / 24

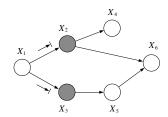
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## Independence Properties

So far, we know  $X_i \perp X_{\mathsf{nd}(i)} | X_{\mathsf{pa}(i)}$  for all i



However, this also implies other conditional independence properties. E.g., it's true that  $X_1 \perp X_6 | X_2, X_3$  in this network. How can we determine this?

The core principles can be understood by examining three-node networks, then "chaining" ideas together…

# Three-Node Bayes Nets: Common Parent, Chains

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Networks  $A \leftarrow B \rightarrow C$ ,  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$  and  $C \rightarrow B \rightarrow A$ 

 $A \not\perp C$  but  $A \perp C | B$ . Observing B blocks dependence of A and C

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D-Separation 000 000

Queries

Examples

D-Separation

Queries

## Three-Node Bayes Nets: V-Structure

Network  $A \to B \leftarrow C$ 

 $A \perp C$  but  $A \not\perp C | B$ . Observing B induces dependence of A and C

**Explaining Away** 

- ▶ "Explaining away" via V-structures is a distinguishing property of Bayes nets:
- **Example**: Alice is late. Was she abducted by aliens or did she forget her watch?

In words: if there are two possible causes for the observed evidence, knowing about one of the causes provides information about the other

14 / 24

Review

Examples 000000 D-Separation

Queries

13 / 24

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Queries

# **D-Separation**

*Directed separation* or **D-separation** is a definition of separation in a directed graph that corresponds exactly to conditional independence in Bayes nets

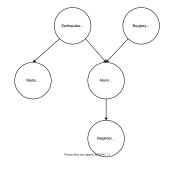
A three-node path is blocked iff has one of the following types:

- 1)  $A \to B \to C$  or  $C \to B \to A$  and B is observed
- 2)  $A \leftarrow B \rightarrow C$  and B is observed
- 3)  $A \to B \leftarrow C$  and neither B nor any descendent of B is observed

Let X, Y, and Z be three sets of nodes. X and Y are d-separated given observed nodes Z iff every path from X to Y is blocked, where a path is blocked if any three-node sequence in the path is blocked.

 $\mathbf{X}$  and  $\mathbf{Y}$  are d-separated given  $\mathbf{Z} \iff \mathbf{X} \perp \mathbf{Y} \mid \mathbf{Z}$ 

Example: D-separation in the Alarm Model

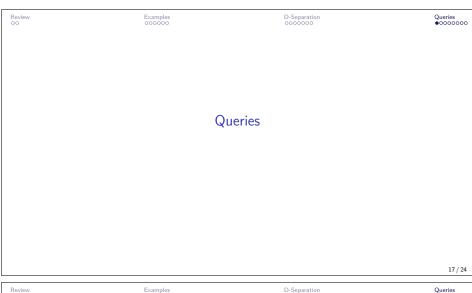


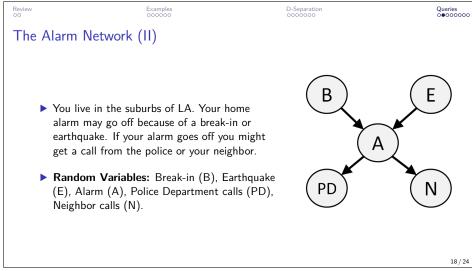
 $E \perp B|A,R?$ 

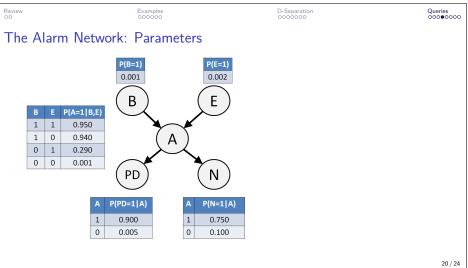
 $E \perp B|R, N?$ 

 $E \perp B|R?$ 

16 / 24







Review

Examples 000000 D-Separation

Queries 00000000 Examples

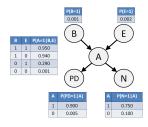
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Queries

#### The Alarm Network: Joint Query

▶ Question: What is the probability that there is a break-in, but no earthquake, the alarm goes off, the police call, but your neighbor does not call?

$$\begin{split} &P(B\!=\!1,E\!=\!0,A\!=\!1,PD\!=\!1,N\!=\!0)\\ &=P(B\!=\!1)P(E\!=\!0)P(A\!=\!1|B\!=\!1,E\!=\!0)P(PD\!=\!1|A\!=\!1)P(N\!=\!0|A\!=\!1)\\ &=0.001\cdot(1-0.002)\cdot0.94\cdot0.9\cdot(1-0.75) \end{split}$$



21 / 24

#### The Alarm Network: Marginal Query

▶ Question: What is the probability that there was a break-in, but no earthquake, the police call, but your neighbor does not call?

$$\begin{split} &P(B=1,E=0,PD=1,N=0)\\ &=\sum_{a=0}^{1}P(B=1,E=0,A=a,PD=1,N=0)\\ &=P(B=1)P(E=0)P(A=1|B=1,E=0)P(PD=1|A=1)P(N=0|A=1)\\ &+P(B=1)P(E=0)P(A=0|B=1,E=0)P(PD=1|A=0)P(N=0|A=0)\\ &=0.001\cdot(1-0.002)\cdot0.94\cdot0.9\cdot(1-0.75)\\ &+0.001\cdot(1-0.002)\cdot(1-0.94)\cdot0.005\cdot(1-0.1) \end{split}$$

22 / 24

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Queries

#### The Alarm Network: Conditional Query

▶ Question: What is the probability that the alarm went off given that there was a break-in, but no earthquake, the police call, but your neighbor does not call?

$$P(A=1|B=1, E=0, PD=1, N=0)$$

$$= \frac{P(B\!=\!1, E\!=\!0, A\!=\!1, PD\!=\!1, N\!=\!0)}{\sum_{a=0}^{1} P(B\!=\!1, E\!=\!0, A\!=\!a, PD\!=\!1, N\!=\!0)}$$

$$=\frac{P(B=1)P(E=0)P(A=1|B=1,E=0)P(PD=1|A=1)P(N=0|A=1)}{\sum_{a=0}^{1}P(B=1)P(E=0)P(A=a|B=1,E=0)P(PD=1|A=a)P(N=0|A=a)}$$

#### The Alarm Network: More Queries

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▶ What is the probability that there is a break-in given that there is an earthquake?

What is the probability that your neighbor calls given that the alarm goes off and there is an earthquake?

What is the probability that the police call given that the alarm goes off and your neighbor calls?

What is the probability of a break-in given that the alarm goes off and the police call?

What is the probability that your neighbor calls given that there is an earthquake?

What is the probability that there is a break-in given that there is an earthquake and the alarm goes off?

What is the probability that your neighbor calls given that the police call?

24 / 24